Set Your Goals for 2019-2020 Period

This chart represents the quality measures that are counted in the QASP and 5 Star systems. The goal of this chart is to provide CAHF members with a "dashboard" of these measures and the cut points that relate to the QASP award and/or the QM rating in the 5 Star system. The QASP measures are in the green columns and the 5 Star are in the yellow columns. The cutpoints on this chart are projections for 2019-20 The point ranges for 5 Star QMs and Staffing are set by CMS and only change occasionally. The point ranges presented here for the QASP state average and the 75th percentile are extrapolated from the award levels in QASP Year 1 and Year 2. It is our "best guess" for where the cut points will be for the 2018-2019 QASP performance period. Please note that there are no projected percentile benchmarks for the QASP staffing and rehospitalization measures, as there is no historical data for these new measures. This chart will be updated annually when the QASP performance awards levels are released, and as needed should the 5 Star cut points be changed by CMS.

| Quality Measure** | Extrapolated* Values for QASP QMs, 2019-2020 | | National Ranges for 5-Star Point Values for QMs*** | | |
|--|---|----------|--|-----------------|---------------|
| | 75th % | Average | 60 Points, % | 80 Points, % | 100 Points, % |
| Control of Bowel/Bladder: Long Stay | 32.220% | 43.775% | | | |
| Physical Restraints: Long Stay (monitor-only, not scored) | 0.000% | 0.000% | dropped | | |
| Influenza Vaccination: Short Stay | 99.321% | 91.161% | | | |
| Pneumococcal Vaccination: Short Stay | 99.362% | 90.255% | | | |
| Urinary Tract Infection: Long Stay | 0.000% | 0.995% | 1.61 - 2.72 | 0.71 - 1.60 | 0 - 0.70 |
| Pressure Ulcers: Long Stay (new QASP methodology is in progress) | 0.686% | 2.214% | 5.85 - 7.83 | 3.78 - 5.84 | 0 - 3.77 |
| Self-Report Pain: Short Stay | 0.000% | 3.625% | 8.22 - 13.42 | 3.54 -8.21 | 0 - 3.53 |
| Self-Report Pain: Long Stay | 0.000% | 2.110% | 3.61 - 6.84 | 1.10 - 3.60 | 0 - 1.18 |
| Catheter: Long Stay | | | 1.27 - 2.17 | 0.51 - 1.26 | 0 - 0.50 |
| Injurious Falls: Long Stay | | | 2.47 - 3.56 | 1.35 - 2.46 | 0 - 1.34 |
| Antipsychotic Medications: Short Stay | | | 0.97 - 1.68 | 0.01 - 0.96 | 0 |
| Antipsychotic Medications: Long Stay | 0.000% | < 3.400% | 7.50 - 9.60 | 4.79 - 7.49 | 0 - 4.78 |
| ED Visits: Short Stay | | | 6.41 - 7.68 | 4.76 - 6.40 | 0 - 4.75 |
| New or Worsening Pressure Ulcers: Short Stay | | | 0.81 - 1.60 | 0.01 - 0.80 | 0 |
| | | | 120 Points, % | 135 Points, % | 150 Points, % |
| ADL Decline: Long Stay | 5.817% | 9.985% | 9.57 - 11.41 | 7.20 - 9.56 | 0 - 7.19 |
| Mobility Decline: Long Stay | | | 11.22 - 13.50 | 8.22 - 11.21 | 0 - 8.21 |
| Functional Improvement: Short Stay | | | 73.65 - 77.44 | 77.45 - 82.75 | 82.76-100 |
| 30-Day Rehospitalization: Short Stay | < 13.55% | < 16.30% | 17.71 - 19.56 | 15.01 - 17.70 | 0 - 15.00 |
| Successful Community Discharge: Short Stay | | | 56.82 - 60.43 | 60.44 - 64.94 | 64.95 - 100 |
| Number of Hospitalizations: Long Stay (April 2019) | | | 1.1168 - 1.3112 | 0.8515 - 1.1167 | 0 - 0.8514 |
| Number of Outpatient ED visits: Long Stay (April 2019) | | | 0.4969 - 0.6214 | 0.3469 - 0.4968 | 0 - 0.3468 |
| Staff Retention | 79.669% | 70.276% | | | |

| Other Ranges and Cut-points | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|----------|--|--|
| Measure | 3 Stars | 4 Stars | 5 Stars | | |
| Health Inspection Score, California (04-01-2019)**** | 47.334 - 71.333 | 24.001 - 47.333 | ≤ 24.000 | | |
| Staffing Measures, RN, hppd (updated April 2019)** | 0.508 - 0.730 | 0.731 - 0.1.048 | ≥ 1.049 | | |
| Staffing Measures, Total, hppd (updated April 2019)** | 3.580 - 4.037 | 4.038 - 4.407 | ≥ 4.408 | | |

| Quality Reporting Program | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------------|--------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|
| | California | | | | | |
| Measure**** | 25 th Percentile | Median | 75 th Percentile | | | |
| SNF residents whose functional abilities were assessed and functional goals were included in their | | | | | | |
| treatment plan (Higher percentages are better), % | 96.9 | 99.4 | 100 | | | |
| SNF residents with pressure ulcers that are new or worsened: Adjusted Rate (Lower percentages are | 0 | 0.6 | 1.5 | | | |
| Rate of successful return to home and community from a SNF: Risk-Standardized Rate (Higher rates are | 38.2 | 50.9 | 60.4 | | | |
| Medicare Spending Per Beneficiary (MSPB) for residents in SNFs: Ratio | 0.9 | 1.1 | 1.3 | | | |
| Percentage of SNF residents who experience one or more falls with major injury during their SNF stay | | | | | | |
| (Lower percentages are better), % | 0 | 0 | 0.7 | | | |

* Extrapolation refers to projecting a value for the future assuming that the rate of change from one period to another is uniform.

** Source: Design for Nursing Home Compare Five-Star Quality Rating System: Technical User's Guide, April 2019.

*** Less is better, except for Vaccination, Functional Improvement, Discharge to Community and Staffing Retention.

**** Source: Nursing Home Compare Five-Star Quality Rating System: Technical User's Guide. State-Level Health Inspection Cut Point Table, April 2019.

*****Source: Nursing Home Compare.